

1161 Stereo Power Amplifier

06/01/2019 Rev. 1.0 Boulder Amplifiers, Inc. 255 S. Taylor Ave. Louisville, CO 80027 (303) 449-8220

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About Boulder Amplifiers, Inc.

Boulder was founded in 1984 and is the last high-performance audio manufacturer operating in North America to still perform all of its own design, engineering and manufacturing in-house. While this form of production may be more costly than outsourcing, the resulting quality control and reliability of the finished products are never compromised.

In 2016, Boulder moved into a new, purpose-built production facility to increase manufacturing efficiency and offer space for expansion to meet the needs of future growth.



Thank You

Congratulations and thank you for selecting the Boulder 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier for your high-performance sound system. We are certain it will provide you with many years of listening pleasure.

The 1161 represents the concerted efforts of numerous Boulder designers, engineers, and technicians working to bring you the best audio playback components in the world. This amplifier is among the best that Boulder has to offer.

Please take a few minutes to read through this instruction manual prior to using your 1161. This will help you understand the many functions and capabilities of the amplifier. It will also allow you to maximize the exceptional performance for which it was designed.

Your Boulder 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier has undergone extensive laboratory tests for safety, functionality, and technical excellence. In addition, it has been individually subjected to rigorous listening trials in our sound room utilizing a wide range of musical material. No product ever leaves our factory until we are totally satisfied that it achieves its full potential.

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Placement of the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier

Your Boulder 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier is designed to reduce interference from external magnetic and radio fields (RF). While placement is not critical, known magnetic fields should be avoided.

The 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier will generate some heat. Therefore, it should be located in an area with ample air circulation. Specifically, be certain that the heat sinks are unobstructed by objects that could potentially block airflow. Do not place the amplifier on deep carpet and be sure that the amplifier has a minimum of 3 inches (8 cm) of free airspace on all sides.

You may want to have access to the rear panel for cable changes. Although input cables can be as long as necessary, it is suggested that speaker cables be as short as possible.

Connecting to the AC Mains Outlet

Your 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier is supplied with a mains power cable suitable for the location where it was purchased. It is constructed of large enough wire gauge and a plug appropriate for your AC line voltage. Do not substitute another power cable.

Exact voltage and frequency compatibility is stated in the specifications section. See page 5-1.

Once the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier is connected to a live mains outlet and the rear panel switch is moved to the "On" position, the LED on the front panel will illuminate **red** for a short time. During this time the 1161 is booting up.

The LED will then pulse **white** on and off, indicating that the supervising microprocessor is powered up and the amp is ready to be turned on using the front panel **Standby** button.



Connecting to a Network

In order for the 1161 to download software updates as necessary, it will need to be connected to a network with an active Internet connection.

Connect a network cable between the 1161 and a network router or switch. Use either Ethernet connector on the rear panel of the 1161; it does not matter which one you use.

Connecting to a Balanced Source

To fully realize the sonic potential of your 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier, always use balanced connections. Balanced cables minimize interference from magnetic and RF sources.

Connect the cables from your source or preamplifier outputs to the input connections provided on the rear panel of the 1161.

Connecting to an Unbalanced Source

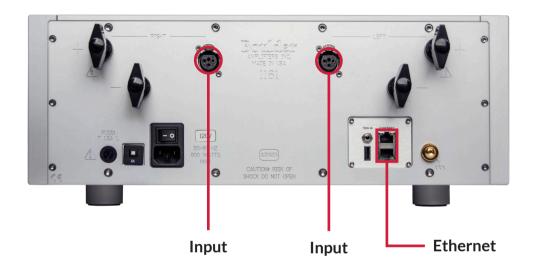
Although the inputs are of the 3-pin XLR-type, an unbalanced source is easily accommodated by using a special cable. This cable has an RCA-type connector on the source end and a 3-pin XLR connector on the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier end.

The negative input (pin 3) should be wired to ground only at the RCA connector. This brings the negative input reference of the 1161 to the unbalanced source ground, thus reducing loops.

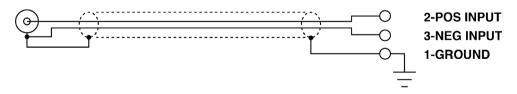
Another option for accommodating unbalanced sources is the Boulder ABL2 Input Adapter. It converts a balanced input into an unbalanced RCA input at the rear panel of the 1161. Like the above cable, the negative input of the 1161 is connected to the ground of the RCA connec-

tor. However, the negative side will then share the shield wire with the chassis ground and will not have very good hum rejection.

Please contact your authorized Boulder dealer for further information about the ABL2 Input Adaptor.



UNBALANCED INPUT CABLE



Polarity

Please note that the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier conforms to the AES standard of pin 2 as the "high," "positive," or "hot" pin for the balanced input.

The polarity of the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier is such that a positive tivegoing transition at pin 2 will produce a positive-going transition at the "+" output terminal.

Connecting Your Loudspeakers

Do not use a wrench or any other type of tool on the output terminal binding posts. **Tighten these connectors by hand only.**

WARNING: This is a high-powered amplifier! There is high voltage potential at the terminals when driven. Connections should only be made with the AC mains disconnected!

Select speaker cable spade terminals that will accept .250-inch (6 mm) diameter binding posts.

There is no provision for the use of banana plugs. Banana plugs are proven to lose spring tension and come loose over time, increasing contact resistance and distortion. We also do not recommend the use of banana plugs at the speaker end for these reasons.



Powering Up

With all connections made, you are ready to listen to your Boulder 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier.

To turn the amplifier on, turn the rear panel **Master AC Switch** to the **ON** position. The amplifier will go through a turn-on sequence, during which time the power LED will illuminate **red**.

After about 20 seconds the LED will then slowly pulse **white** on and off, indicating that the supervising microprocessor is powered up. At this time, press the front panel button to bring the unit out of Standby mode.

Because of the large inrush currents associated with the large toroidal transformer, power relays are used to turn on the amplifier. These are under control of the supervising ARM processor. During the power up sequence, you will hear two sets of two relay clicks, separated by intervals of two seconds.

Once powered up, the front panel LED will steadily glow **white** to indicate normal operation.

To turn the amplifier off, press the **Standby** button again. The indicator will then slowly and continuously change from **white**, to **dark**, and back to **white**. This indicates that the amplifier is in Standby mode.

NOTE: Because the 1161 greatly reduces power consumption when in Standby mode, it is only necessary to place the amplifier in Standby when not in use. You do not need to turn the 1161 off via the Master AC Switch on the rear panel. The 1161 was designed for years of operation in this manner and no damage to the unit will occur.





Input DC Offset Voltage Detection

The Boulder 1161 is a direct-coupled power amplifier with a servo for zeroing out DC voltage offset coming from the preamplifier or other sources connected to the amplifier's input.

If the DC at the inputs is sufficient to cause potentially damaging voltage at the output terminals, a protection circuit will mute the amplifier's output by electronically disconnecting the loudspeakers. The front panel LED will also turn **red**. This condition will continue until the source of DC is corrected or removed.

If the indicator remains **red**, it is recommended that the user correct the DC offset of the source device before continuing.

Clip Detection

Clipping of the waveform results when any amplifier is driven beyond it's rated power. A clip detection circuit is included for protection in the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier.

The front panel LED will indicate clipping by momentarily turning from white to red. Both voltage and current modes of clipping are detected, although it is generally only voltage clipping that occurs.

Thermal Protection

A thermal protection circuit prevents high operating temperatures that are unpleasant to the touch and potentially harmful to the amplifier. A thermal cutout circuit will mute the amplifier when the transistor cases reach 70°C, and the front panel LED will turn **red**. If this happens, the output level of the system should be reduced and more ventilation should be provided for the amplifier. Once the amplifier temperature cools to 60°C operation may resume.





Maintenance

No routine maintenance is required for the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier. However, to keep operating temperatures at a minimum, be sure that the heat sinks are not obstructed and remove any dust buildup that may occur.

Remote Control

Remote Operation

Remote control and operation of the Boulder 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier is possible by the use of a 12V trigger, an external IP control system, or Boulder Net.

12V Trigger

The 1161 has a 1/8" minijack that will allow it to be turned **On** or **Off.** To complete the 12V trigger system, a cable must be connected between the 1161 and a source component or preamplifier with a 12V trigger output. The 1161 supports both continuous and toggle 12V trigger commands.

External IP Control Systems

Modern home integration and automation systems are generally controlled through a home LAN (Local Area Network) via the use of IP (Internet Protocol) commands. When connected to a LAN, the 1161 is able to receive and respond to these commands through its Ethernet connection on the rear panel.

For further information about IP control and automation systems, please contact your authorized Boulder dealer.

Boulder Net

Boulder has developed an IP control system that is Open Home compliant and unique to Boulder products. When multiple Boulder products are all connected to a LAN, the Boulder Net system will allow you to turn various products on or off and control the functions of all connected components via an application that is downloadable to a mobile tablet or phone. Status messages can also be passed to Boulder products with a display.

Remote Control

For further information about Boulder Net, please see the Boulder Net Manual or visit www.boulderamp.com.



Fault Conditions

Errors Requiring Boulder Dealer Service

If the 1161 Stereo Power Amplifier will not turn on and the front panel LED blinks **red**, an error requiring dealer service has occurred. The indicator may flash **red** in a specific sequence to define its error code for an authorized Boulder technician.

If you are experiencing this problem with your 1161, contact your Boulder dealer immediately.

Operational Errors

At times the 1161's front panel LED may flash **red** but continue operating normally. This is an Operational Error and indicates that there is a fault somewhere else in the system or in the use of the amplifier. Conditions that will be indicated as Operational Errors may include:

- DC offset at the input of the amplifier (from a source or preamplifier)
- Thermal limit or safe operating temperature of the amplifier exceeded
- Clipping of the output signal

Fault Conditions



Appendix

Technical Specifications

Continuous Power, Each Channel				
Watts	Ω	THD	THD @ 20kHz	
150	8	0.003%	0.01%	
150	4	0.004%	0.015%	
150	2	0.005%	0.025%	

Peak Power, Each Channel			
Watts	Ω		
200	8		
350	4		
450	2		

Equivalent Input Noise (EIN), 20kHz BW 1.5 μV

Magnitude Response, 20 to 20kHz +0.00, -0.04 dB

Magnitude Response, -3dB at 0.015Hz, 150kHz

Voltage Gain 26 dB

Input Impedance Balanced: $200k\Omega$,

Unbalanced $100k\Omega$

Common Mode Rejection (Balanced only) 60 Hz: 90dB,

10kHz: 70dB

Inputs 3-pin Balanced

Output Connectors 6 mm / .250-inch

wingscrews

Power Requirements 100, 110-120, & 220-

240 VAC

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Crosstalk, L to R or R to L -100 dB or better, 20 Hz to

20 kHz

Power Requirements 90-240V, 50-60 Hz

50-60 Hz, 100W nominal, 1000 W at maximum

output

All specifications measured at 240 VAC mains Power

<u>Appendix</u>

Dimensions and Weights

1161 Stereo Amplifier 18.00" W x 16.43" D x 7.20" H

45.7 cm W x 41.7 cm D x 18.3 cm H

54 lbs. (24.5 kg)

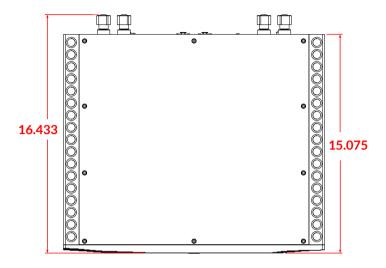
Shipping 24" W x 23" D x 14" H

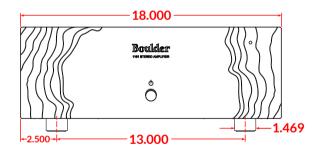
 $61cm W \times 59cm D \times 36cm H$

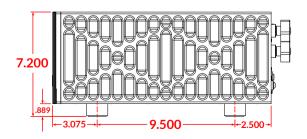
64 lbs. (29 kg)

Appendix

1161 Amplifier Dimensions (Inches)







SYMPTOM	CAUSE	REMEDY	
No Power Indication	Rear panel power switch is not on	Turn on power switch	
	Power amplifier is not plugged in	Connect to AC Mains outlet	
	1161 Rear panel fuse is blown	Replace blown fuse with same type / rating	
	Home circuit breaker is tripped	Reset home circuit breaker	
Red Power Inidication	Low line voltage	Reset breaker on rear panel	
	Thermal protection	Let amp cool and improve ventilation	
	Clipping protection	Lower pre-amp volume and reset rear breaker if necessary	
	DC on input	Correct the DC issue in source or preamp	
	Defective Power Supply	Return 1161 to dealer for service	
White power indication, but no sound from one channel	No signal from one channel of source	Check source controls, cables, and connections	
	One channel is muted by balance control	Re-center balance on preamp	
	No signal out to power amplifier	Check connections from preamplifier	
Front panel LED flashes white and red and no output	Amplifier has detected a fatal error	Return to dealer for service	

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